

# Newburgh Primary School Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021/2022, 2022/23 and 2023/24 academic years) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

Updated for academic year 2021/22 (Dec 22)

Updated for academic year 2022/23 (July 23)

#### School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Newburgh Primary School
Number of pupils in school	333,359, <mark>363</mark>
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	18%,16%, <mark>17%</mark>
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2021/2022 to 2023/2024
Date this statement was published	December 2021 Updated Dec 22 Updated July 23
Date on which it will be reviewed again	December 2023
Statement authorised by	Janice Simpkins Headteacher
Pupil premium lead	Mark Porter

	Senior Leadership
Governor / Trustee lead	Adam Geach

## Funding overview

Detail 22/23	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation academic year 2022/23	£86,709
Recovery premium funding allocation academic year 2022/23	£8,990
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	0
Total budget for academic year 2022/23  If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£95,699
Total actual spend academic year 2022/23	£96,869
Detail 23/24	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation academic year 2023/24	£97,566
Recovery premium funding allocation academic year 2023/24	£9,498
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	0
Total budget for academic year 2023/24	£107,064
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

### Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### Statement of intent

Our intention is that all pupils, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face, make good progress and achieve high attainment across all subject areas. The focus of our pupil premium strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils to achieve that goal, including progress for those who are already high attainers.

We will consider the challenges faced by vulnerable pupils, such as those who have a social worker and young carers. The activity we have outlined in this statement is also intended to support their needs, regardless of whether they are disadvantaged or not.

High-quality teaching is at the heart of our approach, with a focus on areas in which disadvantaged pupils require the most support. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school. Implicit in the intended outcomes detailed below, is the intention that non-disadvantaged pupils' attainment will be sustained and improved alongside progress for their disadvantaged peers.

Our strategy is also integral to wider school plans for education recovery, notably in its targeted support through the National Tutoring Programme for pupils whose education has been worst affected, including non-disadvantaged pupils.

Our approach will be responsive to common challenges and individual needs, rooted in robust diagnostic assessment, not assumptions about the impact of disadvantage. The approaches we have adopted complement each other to help pupils excel. To ensure they are effective we will:

- ensure disadvantaged pupils are challenged in the work that they're set
- act early to intervene at the point need is identified
- adopt a whole school approach in which all staff take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve

## Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils indicate underdeveloped oral language skills and vocabulary gaps among disadvantaged pupils.
2	Internal assessments indicate that maths, reading and writing attainment among disadvantaged pupils is below that of non-disadvantaged pupils.
3	Internal assessments indicate that phonics attainment among disadvantaged pupils is below that of non-disadvantaged pupils.
4	Our assessments and observations indicate that the education and wellbeing of many of our disadvantaged pupils have been impacted by partial school closures to a greater extent than for other pupils. These findings are supported by national studies.
5	Our assessments (including wellbeing survey), observations and discussions with pupils and families have identified social and emotional issues for many pupils, notably due to missed socialisation, and a lack of enrichment opportunities during school closure. These challenges particularly affect disadvantaged pupils, including their attainment.

### Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria	
Improved oral language skills and vocabulary among disadvantaged pupils.	Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved oral language among disadvantaged pupils. This is evident when triangulated with other sources of evidence, including engagement in lessons, book scrutiny and ongoing formative assessment.	
Improved reading, writing and maths attainment among disadvantaged pupils.	KS2 reading, writing and maths outcomes in 2023/2024 show that more disadvantaged pupils met the expected standard.	
To achieve and sustain improved wellbeing for all pupils in our school, particularly our disadvantaged pupils	expected standard.  Sustained high levels of wellbeing from 2023/2024 demonstrated by:  • qualitative data from student voice, student and parent surveys and teacher observations  • a significant increase in participation in enrichment activities, particularly among disadvantaged pupils  • a significant reduction in extreme behaviour incidents	

#### Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year (2023/24) to address the challenges listed above.

### Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £ 46,000 for 2023/24

£45,438 spent in 2022/23 £44,938 spent in 2021/22

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Purchase of standardised diagnostic assessments.  Training for staff to ensure assessments are interpreted and administered correctly.	Standardised tests can provide reliable insights into the specific strengths and weaknesses of each pupil to help ensure they receive the correct additional support through interventions or teacher instruction:  Standardised tests   Assessing and Monitoring Pupil Progress   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	1, 2, 3, 4
Embedding dialogic activities across the school curriculum. These can support pupils to articulate key ideas, consolidate understanding and extend vocabulary.  We will purchase resources, catch up programmes and fund ongoing	There is a strong evidence base that suggests oral language interventions, including dialogic activities such as high-quality classroom discussion, are inexpensive to implement with high impacts on reading:  Oral language interventions  Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	1, 2

teacher training and release time.  ( Power of Reading, Read Write Inc catch up)		
Purchase of a DfE validated System- atic Synthetic Phonics pro- gramme to secure stronger phonics teaching for all pu- pils. (Read, Write, Inc)	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils:  Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation    EEF	1,2, 3
Enhancement of our maths teaching and curriculum planning in line with DfE and EEF guidance. We will fund	The DfE non-statutory guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on evidence-based approaches:  Maths_guid-	2
teacher release time to embed key elements of guid- ance in school and to access Maths Hub resources and CPD (including Teaching for Mas- tery training).	ance KS 1 and 2.pdf (publishing.service.gov.uk)  The EEF guidance is based on a range of the best available evidence:  Improving Mathematics in Key Stages 2 and 3	
Improve the quality of social and emotional (SEL) learning.  SEL approaches will be embedded into	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance,	5

routine educational	attitudes, behaviour and	
practices and	relationships with peers):	
supported by	EEF Social and Emo-	
professional	tional_Learning.pdf(educa-	
development and	tionendowmentfounda-	
training for staff.	tion.org.uk)	

## Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £ 11,000 for academic year 2023/24

£10,803 spent in 2022/23 £10,643 spent in 2021/22

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Purchase of a programme to improve listening, narrative and vocabulary skills for disadvantaged pupils who have relatively low spoken language skills.	Oral language interventions can have a positive impact on pupils' language skills.  Approaches that focus on speaking, listening and a combination of the two show positive impacts on attainment:  Oral language interventions   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	1, 2,3,4
Additional phonics sessions targeted at disadvantaged pupils who require further	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base indicating a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvantaged backgrounds. Targeted phonics interventions have been shown to be more effective when delivered as	1,2

phonics support	regular sessions over a period up to 12 weeks:  Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	
Engaging with the National Tutoring Programme to provide a blend of tuition and school-led tutoring for pupils whose education has been most impacted by the pandemic. A significant proportion of the pupils who receive tutoring will be disadvantaged, including those who are high attainers.	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to-one:  One to one tuition   EEF (educationen-dowmentfoundation.org.uk)  And in small groups:  Small group tuition   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	4

# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ 50,064 for academic year 2023/24

£40,583 spent in 2022/23 £46,077 spent in 2021/22

Activity	Evidence that supports this	Challenge
	approach	number(s)
		addressed

Whole staff training on behaviour management and anti-bullying approaches with the aim of developing our school ethos and improving behaviour across school.	Both targeted interventions and universal approaches can have positive overall effects:  Behaviour interventions   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation. org.uk)	5
Increased pastoral and targeted counselling support and support for families.	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life, in relation to physical and mental health, school readiness and academic achievement, crime, employment and income.  EEF_Social_and_Emotional_Learning.pdf(educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	5
Secure children's engagement across the curriculum and wider provision, developing behaviours for learning and well-being and supporting pupils' personal resilience.	Arts participation approaches can have a positive impact on academic outcomes in other areas of the curriculum.  https://educationendowmentfoun dation.org.uk/educationedowmentfoun evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/arts-participation  There are wider benefits from regular physical activity in terms of physical development, health and wellbeing as well as other potential benefits have been reported such as improved attendance.	4, 5

https://educationendowmentfoun dation.org.uk/education- evidence/teaching-learning- toolkit/physical-activity	
tooikit/priysical-activity	

Total budgeted cost: £107,064 for academic year 2023/34

£95,699 for academic year 2022/23

£95,699 for academic year 2021/22

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

#### Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2022/2023 academic year.

Our assessments and observations indicated that pupil behaviour, wellbeing and mental health were significantly impacted last year, primarily due to COVID-19-related issues. We used pupil premium funding to provide wellbeing support for all pupils, and targeted interventions and resources where required.

During 2020 21, Covid-19 disrupted our activities to varying degrees. As evidenced in schools across the country, school closure was most detrimental to our disadvantaged pupils, and they were not able to benefit consistently from our pupil premium funded improvements to teaching and targeted interventions to the degree we had intended. The impact was mitigated by our resolution to maintain a high-quality curriculum, including periods of full or partial closure; all pupils were taught virtually by their own class teachers, including live and recorded sessions each day and plans were carefully adapted to ensure a breadth of curriculum was sustained as much as possible.

For the academic year 2020 - 21, in combination with the post-covid recovery fund, we employed additional TA and pastoral and counselling hours to increase the range and number of children who could be supported in catching up via interventions. This included SEMH support in addition to academic interventions.

We have analysed the performance of our school's disadvantaged pupils during the 2021/22 academic year using key stage 1 and 2 performance data, phonics check results and our own internal assessments.

Schools are not required to publish their 2022 key stage 2 results as DfE is not publishing this data. This is because statutory assessments returned for the first time since 2019, without adaptations, after disruption caused by the pandemic. This is a transitional arrangement for one year only, and DfE plans to publish key stage 2 school performance data for 2023.

DfE has shared our school's 2022 performance data with us, to help us better understand the impact of the pandemic on our pupils and how this varies between different groups of pupils. COVID-19 had a significant impact on the education system

and this disruption affected schools and pupils differently, and because of this, it is more difficult to interpret why the results are as they are using the data alone.

To help us gauge the performance of our disadvantaged pupils we compared our results to those for disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils at a national and regional level (although these comparisons are to be considered with caution given the caveats stated above). We also looked at these comparisons using pre-pandemic scores for 2019, in order to assess how the performance of our disadvantaged pupils has changed during this period.

We have analysed the performance of our school's disadvantaged pupils during the 2022/23 academic year using key stage 1 and 2 performance data, phonics check results and our own internal assessments along with pupil surveys.

18.5% FSM compared to 22% in Warwickshire and 24% National

Numbers of KS2 pupils gaining expected standard improved but below local and national and further analysis will be made as final data is confirmed.

A survey with the school nursing service highlighted 'resilience' as an area to be further addressed

#### Externally provided programmes

Programme	Provider	
1/1 Maths tuition	Third Space Learning	
The Power of Reading	CLPE	
Comprehension Express	Oxford	

### Further information (optional)

This three-year Pupil Premium strategy has been developed to encompass recovery from COVID-19 as well as our continued provision for those eligible for Pupil Premium over the next three years. In regards to targeted academic support, children who require support have been carefully identified based on detailed data analysis and discussions with teachers in Pupil Progress meetings. The provision outlined within this strategy statement is far wider reaching than just our eligible Pupil Premium pupils and will aim to ensure that all pupils receive provision suitable to giving them the best chance of achieving or exceeding their expected progress.